## **Managing my money**

# **The Time Savings Account (CET)**



### The terms for storing unused paid leave

### Maximum transfer of 5 days per year

• To be made before end of May via PayLink

#### **Total allowed cumulation**

• 25 days (doubled to 50 days for employees within 5 years of the legal retirement age).

#### Valuation of the days

 on the basis of 1/22nd of the gross monthly salary (excluding STIP/SIP variable part), by the end of May and beginning of June.

### **CET** exits

# Possible wind up of the CET in the form of capital

 Marriage, pacs, birth or adoption of a third child, divorce, separation, dissolution of a pacs, with custody of at least one child, disability (employee, his/her spouse or partner in pacs, his/her children), death (employee, his/her spouse or partner in pacs), termination of the employment contract, over-indebtedness.

## Possibility of using your CET in time, just before retirement

 In order to anticipate end of the working career, the days saved in the CET can be used as CPs, on the condition that they are taken just before retirement.

## Other possible uses

- In retirement savings, by transfer (during May on PayLink) of monetised days (max. 10 days per year), with tax exemption, into:
- the Collective Retirement Savings Plan (PERECO), with a maximum employer matching contribution of €800
- the Company Retirement Savings Plan (PERO), without an employer matching contribution.
- For remuneration (subject to tax) of days of statutory leave (sabbatical leave, training leave, parental leave, part-time...)
- As remuneration (subject to tax) for a leave of absence prior to retirement or departure.

In all cases, the days used are subject to the current social security charges.

